

Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani

Ist Semester 2016-17

Comprehensive Examination. Molecular Immunology (BIOG514)

1h 15m. 16 Marks (Closed Book)

- 1) The B and T lymphocytes progress through specific checkpoints during development and selection. Briefly detail all the molecular steps required to achieve the status of a mature T and B cell. (3)

- 2) Compare between the peptide binding clefts of Class I and Class II MHC molecules with reference to structure and function. (3)

- 3) Highlight the 4 important steps which together comprise the phenomenon of VDJ recombination. Consider the example of a heavy chain rearrangement? (4)

- 4) Differentiate between attenuated and subunit vaccines emphasizing differences if any in the immunological mechanisms. (3)

- 5) What is the role of Ubiquitin ligase Cbl-b in T cell responses? (3)

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24 Marks (Open Book)

- 1) What would happen if HLA DM was mutated in a way so as to render it nonfunctional? (3)
- 2) In an in vivo study, expression of Tgf β , BAF, etc is limited by using antisense morpholino oligos. What is the possible effect on antibody production, especially class switching? (3)
- 3) What would happen to a T cell if CD28 and LFA 1 were absent? (3)
- 4) What is DTH? How is it involved in *M. tuberculosis* infection? (3)
- 5) Since central tolerance already takes care of self /nonself recognition, what is the need for peripheral tolerance? (3)
- 6) Deficiencies of Complement proteins can affect individuals adversely? Could it result in the immune mechanisms turning against the body cells themselves? (3)
- 7) What could happen in B and T cells if receptors like CTLA-4 and CD 22 were knocked out? (3)
- 8) What would happen if AID underwent a loss of function mutation? (3)