BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE
Second Semester 2022-23
Mid-semester Examination (16th March 2023)Course No. BITS F441Robotics
1 hour 30 Min

Q1. Consider the arm shown in the figure.

- (i) Identify the links, types of the joint and workspace will it have?
- (ii) Assign frames and determine link and joint parameters using DH Algorithm.
- (iii) Determine the kinematic model
- (iv) Determine inverse kinematic model for the given configuration.

Clearly specify valid assumptions if any.

[2+4+4+2]



Q2. List down the social and economic consequences an engineer must consider the use of robots. [3]

Q3. Determine a frame {F} from {0} that is located at 4,6,8 units with its n-axis parallel to the x-axis, its oaxis at 60° relative to y-axis and its a-axis at 45° relative to z axis. [3]

Q4. For the following rotation matrix find the missing values: $\begin{bmatrix} ? & 0 & -1 \\ ? & 0 & 0 \\ ? & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

 $\begin{array}{cccc}
? & 0 & 0 \\
? & -1 & 0
\end{array}$ [3]

Q5. Determine the composite rotation matrix generated by a rotation of 60° about z_{\circ} followed by a rotation of 30° about y_{\circ} followed by rotation of 90° about the x_{\circ} axis. From the resultant composite matrix obtain the axis and angle information. [6]

Q6. Find the expression for the inverse of ${}^{i-1}T_i$ matrix [3]

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<u>Formula Set</u>

$$\mathbf{T} = \begin{bmatrix} R & D \\ O & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$^{i-1}\mathbf{T}_{i} = \begin{bmatrix} C\theta_{i} & -S\theta_{i}C\alpha_{i} & S\theta_{i}S\alpha_{i} & a_{i}C\theta_{i} \\ S\theta_{i} & C\theta_{i}C\alpha_{i} & -C\theta_{i}S\alpha_{i} & a_{i}S\theta_{i} \\ 0 & S\alpha_{i} & C\alpha_{i} & d_{i} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R}_{k}(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} k_{x}^{2}V\theta + C\theta & k_{x}k_{y}V\theta - k_{z}S\theta & k_{x}k_{z}V\theta + k_{y}S\theta \\ k_{x}k_{y}V\theta + k_{z}S\theta & k_{y}^{2}V\theta + C\theta & k_{y}k_{z}V\theta - k_{x}S\theta \\ k_{x}k_{z}V\theta - k_{y}S\theta & k_{y}k_{z}V\theta + k_{x}S\theta & k_{z}^{2}V\theta + C\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Euler Angle

$$\mathbf{R}_{wvw}(\theta_{1} \theta_{2} \theta_{3}) = \mathbf{R}_{w}(\theta_{1}) \mathbf{R}_{v'}(\theta_{2}) \mathbf{R}_{w''}(\theta_{3})$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} C_{1}C_{2}C_{3} - S_{1}S_{3} & -C_{1}C_{2}S_{3} - S_{1}C_{3} & C_{1}S_{2} \\ S_{1}C_{2}C_{3} + C_{1}S_{3} & -S_{1}C_{2}S_{3} + C_{1}C_{3} & S_{1}S_{2} \\ -S_{2}C_{3} & S_{2}S_{3} & C_{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Euler Parameter

$$\begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - 2\varepsilon_2^2 - 2\varepsilon_3^2 & 2(\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_3\varepsilon_0) & 2(\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_3 + \varepsilon_2\varepsilon_0) \\ 2(\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2 + \varepsilon_3\varepsilon_0) & 1 - 2\varepsilon_1^2 - 2\varepsilon_3^2 & 2(\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3 - \varepsilon_1\varepsilon_0) \\ 2(\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_3 - \varepsilon_2\varepsilon_0) & 2(\varepsilon_2\varepsilon_3 + \varepsilon_1\varepsilon_0) & 1 - 2\varepsilon_1^2 - 2\varepsilon_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$