

# Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Pilani

## EEE F341/INSTR F341 Analog Electronics

Second Semester 2021-2022

### MID-SEMESTER TEST (OPEN BOOK)

**Time: 90 min**

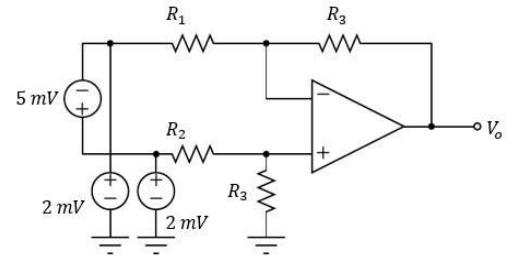
**Max. Marks: 70**

**Date: 09-03-2022**

**Note:** Assume all op-amps have  $V_{sat} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ , if not mentioned in the question.

[ 6 M ]

**Q1. (A)** Figure shows a differential amplifier based on an Op- Amp. Suppose that the CMRR of the Op Amp is 100 dB. Assume  $4\text{ k}\Omega$  input resistance for the differential amplifier with  $R_1=R_2$  and  $R_3=10\text{ k}\Omega$ .



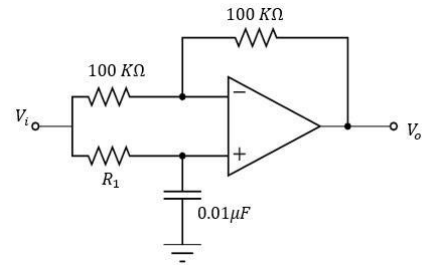
Answer the following:

- (i). Differential output voltage.
- (ii). Common mode output voltage.

[ 6 M ]

**Q1. (B).** Figure shows an Op Amp based filter circuit. Answer the following: [6 Marks]

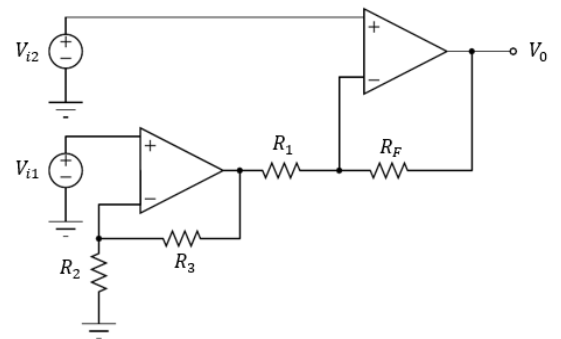
(i) Identify the nature of the active filter and its order. For the given circuit, determine the value of  $R_1$  such that the phase difference between input voltage and output voltage is equal to  $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  radian. Assume a sine wave input with frequency of 5 KHz.



(ii) For the given circuit, determine the phase difference (in degrees) between  $V_i$  and  $V_o$  for  $R_1 = 100\text{ K}\Omega$ .

[ 9 M ]

**Q1. (C)** Figure shows a two op-amps circuit. In the given circuit, assume  $R_1 = R_3 = 560\ \Omega$  and  $R_F = R_2 = 5.6\text{ K}\Omega$ . Further,  $V_{i1} = -2\text{ V}$  and  $V_{i2} = -1.5\text{ V}$ . Suppose that input resistance  $R_i = 2\text{ M}\Omega$  and the open-loop gain  $A = 2 \times 10^5\text{ V/V}$  for the IC 741 op amp used in the circuit.

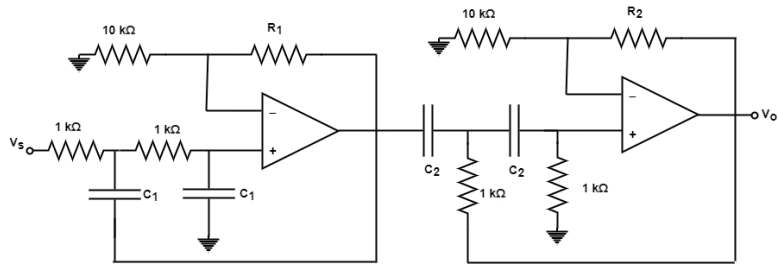


Answer the following:

- (i). Determine an expression for voltage gain and compute its value.
- (ii). Obtain expressions for the input resistances  $R_{i1}$  and  $R_{i2}$ . Compute their values.
- (iii). Compute the output voltage.
- (iv). Identify the type of the amplifier.

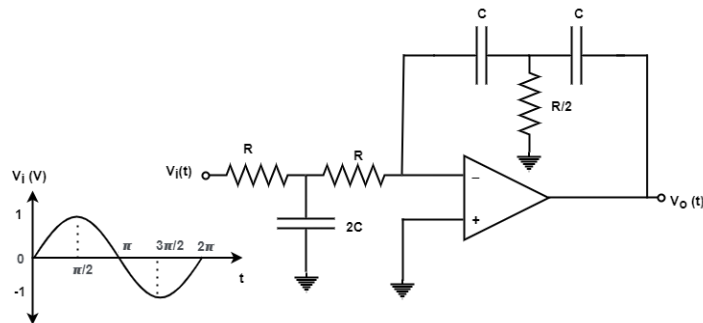
[ 10 M ]

**Q2. (A)** Find the values of the  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $C_1$ , and  $C_2$  components used in the following circuit to construct a Butterworth bandpass filter having lower cutoff at 1kHz and higher cutoff at 10kHz. Determine the order of the filter. What is the passband gain?



[ 8 M ]

**Q2. (B)** Find the transfer function of the following circuit and identify the type of operation.



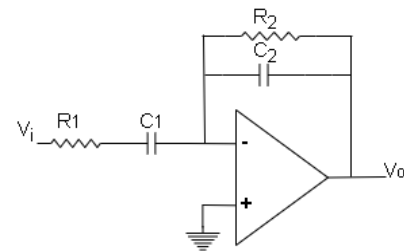
Use  $R = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C = 0.01 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ . Draw and label the output waveform  $V_o(t)$  for the given input  $V_i(t) = \sin 2000\pi t$ .

[ 10 M ]

**Q2. (C)** Design a KHN circuit to realize a bandpass filter with center frequency of 1 kHz and 3-dB bandwidth of 100 Hz. Use, 22 nF capacitor only. Draw the complete KHN circuit, specifying all the component values. Find the center frequency gain. Given  $R_1 = R_2 = R_F = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

[ 10 M ]

**Q3. (A)** Design the following band pass filter to have unity voltage gain for the pass band from 300Hz to 30KHz. (Consider  $C_2 = 1000\text{pF}$ ). Also, find center frequency ( $f_o$ ) and quality factor (Q).



[ 11 M ]

**Q3. (B)** Design a V-I based electronic voltmeter to show  $2\text{M}\Omega$  input impedance and can measure DC voltage ranges from 0-1V, 0-5V and 0-20V. Use PMMC having full scale deflection ( $f_{sd}$ ) as  $100\mu\text{A}$  and meter resistance as  $2\text{K}\Omega$ . Extend the design for similar ranges of input as RMS ac voltage.