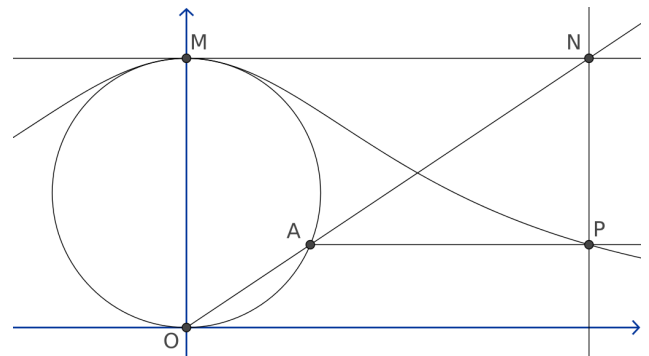


March 13, 2023

Max. Marks: 60

Max. Time: 90 Minutes

1. Consider a circle of radius one. Let A be a point on the circle and N be the point of intersection of tangent through M and the line passing through O and A . If the point P is the point of intersection of the line passing through A and parallel to the line MN , and the line passing through N and perpendicular to the line MN .



- Find the parametrization for the locus of the point P . [8]
2. Show that the radius of curvature ρ and radius of torsion σ of the curve $\vec{r}(u) = (\cos u, \sin u, \cos 2u)$ at $u = \pi/4$ satisfy $\rho = 6\sigma$. [8]
3. Prove that the tangents to two different evolutes corresponding to two constants c_1 and c_2 drawn from the same point of the given curve are inclined to each other at a constant angle $c_1 - c_2$ (Recall that the parametrization for the evolute is $\vec{R} = \vec{r} + \rho\vec{n} + \rho \tan(\psi + c)\vec{b}$). [6]
4. Show that the necessary and sufficient condition that a curve be a helix is that

$$[\vec{r}''', \vec{r}''', \vec{r}^{(iv)}] = 0. \quad [8]$$

5. Discuss the nature of the points on the surface $\vec{r}(u, v) = (u, v, \sqrt{1 - u^2 - v^2})$. [6]
6. Determine the angle between the parametric curves of the surface

$$\vec{r}(u, v) = (u \sin \alpha \cos v, u \sin \alpha \sin v, u \cos \alpha). \quad [8]$$

7. Show that the tangent plane of one-sheeted hyperboloid $x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$ at point $(x, y, 0)$ is parallel to the z -axis. [8]
8. Determine $\phi(v)$ so that the surface given by

$$x = u \cos v, \quad y = u \sin v, \quad z = \phi(v)$$

shall be isometric to the surface of revolution. [8]