## Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Pilani (Pilani Campus) First Semester 2022-23

Course Number: MATH F441 (Discrete Mathematical Structures) Examination: Mid-Semester Test
Date of Examination: 31.10.2022 (Monday) Mode: Closed Book
Maximum Duration: 90 min (2:00-3:30 pm) Maximum Marks: 30

## Instructions.

- 1. Calculators are allowed.
- 2. For a prime p, the symbols  $\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{F}_p$  are used interchangeably.
- 3. If two or more solutions are written for the same question, only the first one will be graded.
- 4. Answer each question legibly, clearly and concisely. Illegible answers will not be graded.
- 5. You will be graded on the correctness of your solution as well as the quality of your explanation. Writing the final answer without any justification will lead to no credit.
- 6. All the results discussed in class should be stated clearly wherever used.
- Q1. Describe the symmetries of a non-square rectangle. Construct the 'multiplication' table. [4]
- **Q2.** Let p be an odd prime and let  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$  with  $p \nmid a$ . Prove Euler's criterion, i.e.,

$$\binom{a}{p} \equiv a^{(p-1)/2} \pmod{p}.$$
 [5]

- Q3. Find the sum of all positive integers < 105 which are coprime to 105. Justify your answer. [4]
- **Q4.** Using Chinese Remainder Theorem, determine  $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$  such that  $\deg(f) < 6$  and

$$f(x) \equiv x^2 + x + 1 \pmod{x^3 + x + 1},$$
  
$$f(x) \equiv x + 1 \pmod{x^3 + x^2 + 1}.$$
 [5]

- **Q5.** Apply the Fast Fourier Transform method to find the product of the polynomials f(x) = x + 2i and g(x) = (1+i)x 3, where i denotes the complex number with  $i^2 = -1$ . Justify all the steps. [4]
- **Q6.** Given the RSA encoding parameters (n, e) = (133, 25), find the private key d and decrypt the message c = 70.
- Q7. Decode the message SKMD encrypted using the encryption matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 - 9t & 15 - 18t \end{pmatrix}$$

such that t = n if the nth tuple is being coded. The above matrix is viewed as a matrix over  $\mathbb{Z}/26\mathbb{Z}$  and the letters are converted to numbers as:

$$A B C \dots Y Z$$
  
1 2 3 ... 25 26

[5]

