

Department of EEE, BITS PILANI K. K. BIRLA GOA CAMPUS
Mid-Semester Question Paper – IC Fabrication Technology (MEL G 611)

Date: 01-11-2022

Time: 11:00 hours to 12:30 hours

Open Book

Full-Marks: 20

Use the Tables (wherever values are not given in the question) given below suitably for solving the problems

- A 110-keV Phosphorous implant is introduced on a 200 mm Silicon wafer at an ion dose of 6.5×10^{14} ions/cm². Calculate the peak concentration and the ion beam current for 30 seconds of implantation.
1+1= 2-marks
 - Assuming $R = 3000 \text{ \AA}$, find out R_p , σ_p and σ_L if Arsenic is bombarded on Silicon wafer at 100 keV for 1 minute at an ion dose of 5×10^{14} ions/cm². Assume lateral straggle is within 20% of projected straggle and the collision is head-on and elastic.
1+1+1= 3-marks
- For a Boron diffusion in Silicon at 1000°C, surface concentration is kept constant at 10^{19} cm⁻³. The diffusion-time is 50 minutes. Find $Q(t)$ and the gradient at $x=0$ and at a location where the dopant concentration reaches 10^{15} cm⁻³. Given $\text{Erfc}^{-1}(0.0001)=2.75$.
2+2 = 4-marks
- From the solution of the governing equation defining the depth of oxidation d_0 in terms time, with rate constants A, B and τ (time coordinate shift to account for initial oxide thickness) derive
 - $d_0^2 \cong Bt$, for long oxidation time, i.e., $t \gg \tau$ and $t \gg \frac{A^2}{4B}$
and
 - $d_0 \cong \frac{B}{A}(t + \tau)$, for short oxidation time, i.e., $(t+\tau) \ll \frac{A^2}{4B}$
 - For wet oxidation at 1000°C, calculate d_0 for $t=0.01$ hour and 100 hour using approximate equation and compute the error (in %) in results obtained from the governing equation.
1+1+6×1= 8-marks
- Define (a) grain boundary, (b) Frenkel defect and (c) intrinsic stacking fault with representative sketches.
1+1+1= 3-marks

TABLE

Impurity in Si	Al	B	O	P	As
k_0	0.002	0.8	0.25	0.35	0.3

TABLE (Oxidation in Steam)

Oxidation Temp. (in °C)	A(μm)	B(μm ² /h)	B/A(μm/h)	τ (h)
1200	0.05	0.72	14.4	0
1100	0.11	0.51	4.64	0
1000	0.226	0.287	1.27	0
920	0.5	0.203	0.40	0

Partial Pressure of Gallium and Arsenic over Gallium Arsenide as a Function of Temperature (T)

	800°C	900°C	1000°C
As ₂ (As-rich)	7×10^3	1.1×10^4	5.0×10^4
Ga (As-rich)	1.0×10^{-5}	7.0×10^{-4}	4.0×10^{-2}
As ₂ (Ga-rich)	2×10^{-2}	1.1	6×10^1
Ga (Ga-rich)	6×10^{-3}	5.5×10^{-2}	6×10^{-1}

Constants

$E_a(\text{Si})$	k	q (Coul)	μ_n ($\text{cm}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$)	μ_p ($\text{cm}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$)	ϵ_r of Ta_2O_5
2.48 kCal/mol	$1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$ ($=8.617 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV/K}$)	1.6×10^{-19}	1000	450	8.85×10^{-14}

$$\xi_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-14} (\text{F/cm})$$

Molecular Weight/ Atomic Mass

Element	Si	B	P	Ga	As ₂	GaAs
Molecular Weight	28.09	10.8	30.97	69.72	149.84	144.63
Atomic Mass	28.09	10.8	30.97	69.72	74.9216	-

