## Birla Institute of Technology and Science - Pilani, Pilani Campus Semester I (Session 2023-24) Mid-Semester Examination (Closed Book) Particle Physics (PHY F413)

Date : 11/10/2023

Time: 90 Mints.

Weightage : 25 % Max. Marks: 25

Note: (1) All symbols used in QP have their usual meaning.

(2) Write your answers precise and clean.

**Q1:** (a) For an elastic scattering process;  $A + A \rightarrow A + A$ , show that the Mandelstam's variables are expressed as;  $s = 4(k^2 + m^2), t = -2k^2(1 - \cos\theta), u = -2k^2(1 + \cos\theta)$ , where k is the three CM momentum of the incident particle, m is the mass of the particle and  $\theta$  is the angle of scattering in the CM frame. (b) Write the relativistic energy momentum relation for a particle of mass m and momentum  $\vec{p}$  in NUs and use the same to determine the energy of the particle in MeV, if  $p = 0.9c \times 10^{-10}$  kg m/sec and mass  $9.0 \times 10^{-10}$  kg. [3+2]

Q2: Assuming collision process to be  $P + Q + R \rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3$ ; Write an expression for dN (no. of available states for particles having momentum in the range  $\vec{p}$  to  $\vec{p} + \vec{dp}$ ) using Dirac-delta function for momentum conservation. Also write relation between  $H_{fi}$  and Lorentz invariant matrix element  $M_{fi}$ . [5]

Q3: (a) Write Klein-Gordon equation for an electron moving under the action of an em. field expressed as  $A^{\mu}$  and identify interaction term. (b) For scattering process  $A + B \rightarrow C + D$ , draw the simplest t-channel Feynman's diagram. Using QED Feynman's rules involving spin-less particles, write an expression for Lorentz invariant amplitude -iM. [5]

Q4: (a) For two body scattering process, show that the incoming flux,  $F = 4E_a E_b(v_a + v_b)$  is Lorentz invariant. Here  $E_a$  and  $E_b$  are energy and  $v_a$  and  $v_b$  are velocity of incoming particles, respectively. (b) Assume an em. field  $A^{\mu}$  created by a moving muon which produces a four current  $J^{\mu}$ . Write an equation relating  $A^{\mu}$  and  $J^{\mu}$ . Use an appropriate identity to find  $A^{\mu}$  in terms of  $J^{\mu}$ . Use the above result to write an expression for  $T_{fi}$  for a  $e^-\mu^- \rightarrow e^-\mu^-$  scattering process. [2+3]

Q5: For a two body scattering process,  $A + B \rightarrow 1 + 2$ , write an expression for the scattering cross-section using Fermi's golden rule in terms of 6-D three momentum integral. Then integrate it to obtain the final expression for the scattering cross-section in CM frame of reference. [5]